

MOHAWK GLOBAL LOGISTICS CORP.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SERVICE

Notwithstanding the heading "Combined Transport Bill of Lading," the provisions set out and referred to in this document shall also apply if the transport as described on the face of the Bill of Lading is performed by one mode of transport only. These provisions constitute a contract between Merchant and Carrier and may be used by Carrier only with the consent of the National Customs Brokers and Forwarders Association of America, Inc.

(1) **CLAUSE PARAMOUNT:** All Carriage under this Bill of Lading to or from the United States shall have effect subject to the provisions of the Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States, 46 U.S.C. sections 1900-1915 (hereafter, "COGSA"). All Carriage to and from other States shall be governed by the law of any state making the Hague Rules or Hague-Visby Rules compulsorily applicable to this Bill of Lading or to these bills of lading, in accordance with the Hague Rules. The provisions of applicable law as set forth above shall apply to Carriage of goods by inland waterways and reference to Carriage by sea in such Rules or legislation shall be deemed to include reference to inland waterways. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided herein, said law shall govern before the goods are loaded on and after they are discharged from the vessel whether the goods are carried on deck and under deck and throughout the entire time the goods are in the custody of Carrier or Carrier's agents.

(2) **DEFINITIONS:** "Ship" means the vessel named in this Bill of Lading, or any conveyance owned, chartered, towed or operated by Carrier or used by Carrier for the performance of this contract.

2.2 "Carrier" means Mohawk Global Logistics, on whose behalf this Bill of Lading has been signed.

2.3 "Merchant" means the Shipper, the Receiver, the Consignor, the Consignee, the Holder of this Bill of Lading and any person having a present or future interest in the Goods or any person acting on behalf of any of the above-mentioned persons, including but not limited to agents, servants, independent contractors, non-vessel-operating common carriers and freight forwarders.

2.4 "Package" is the largest individual unit of partially or completely covered or contained cargo made up by or for the Shipper which is delivered and entrusted to Carrier, including palletized units and each and every container stuffed and sealed by the Shipper or on its behalf, although the Shipper may have furnished a description of the contents of such sealed container on this Bill of Lading.

2.5 "Container" includes any container, trailer, transportable tank, lift van, flat, pallet, or any similar transport used to consolidate goods.

2.6 "Carrier's container or carrier's equipment" includes containers or equipment owned, leased or used by Carrier in the transportation of Merchant's goods.

2.7 "Goods" mean the cargo described on the face of this Bill of Lading and, if the cargo is pack-in container(s) supplied or furnished by or on behalf of the Merchant, include the container(s) as well. "Goods" include the whole or any part of the operations and services whatsoever undertaken by the Carrier with respect to the Goods covered under this Bill of Lading.

2.8 "Place of Delivery" means the place where the Carrier has contracted to deliver the Goods when such place is other than the Port of Discharge.

2.9 "Place of Receipt" means any place where the Carrier has contracted to receive the Goods, when such place is other than the Port of Loading.

2.10 "Port of Loading" means a port or place where the Goods are loaded onto the Vessel for Carriage.

2.11 "Port of Discharge" means a port or place where the Goods are discharged from the Vessel.

2.12 "Sub-Contractor" includes sea, water, rail, road, air or other transport operators or carriers, stevedores, terminal operators, warehousemen, and any independent contractors or agents employed by the Carrier in performance of the Carriage and any Subcontractor thereof.

(3) **SUBCONTRACTING:** Carrier shall be entitled to subcontract directly or indirectly on any terms the whole or any part of the handling, storage, or Carriage of the goods and all duties undertaken by Carrier in relation to the goods. Every stevedore, agent, Subcontractor (including any subcontractor) or other person whose services have been used to perform this contract shall be entitled to the rights, exemptions from, or limitations of, liability, defenses and immunities set forth herein. For these purposes, Carrier shall be deemed to be acting as agent or trustee for such servants, agents, Subcontractors, or other persons who shall be deemed to be parties to this contract.

(4) **ROUTE OF TRANSPORT:** Carrier is entitled to perform the transport in any reasonable manner and by any reasonable means, methods and routes. Without notice to the Shipper, Carrier has liberty and discretion to consolidate the Goods with other cargo; to transport the Goods from one mode of transport to another mode of transport or carrying on a vessel other than the Ship set forth on this Bill of Lading, or any other means of transport whatsoever; carry the Goods on or under deck; to choose or substitute the method, means, route, mode and procedure to accomplish the Carriage; and to comply with any orders or recommendations given by any government or authority or any person or body purporting to act as or on behalf of such government or authority or having, under the terms of the insurance on any conveyance employed by the Carrier, the right to give orders to directions. The Ship shall have the liberty, either with or without the goods on board, to at any time, adjust navigational instruments, make trial trips, dry dock, go to repair yards, shift stores, take in fuel or stores, embark or disembark any persons, carry contraband and hazardous goods, sail with or without pilots and save or attempt to save life or property. Delays resulting from such activities shall not be deemed a deviation.

(5) **HINDRANCES AFFECTING PERFORMANCE:** Carrier shall be deemed to have accepted the Goods and endeavors to complete transport and to deliver the goods at the place designated for delivery.

5.2 If at any time the performance of this contract as evidenced by this Bill of Lading in the opinion of Carrier is or will be affected by any hindrance, risk, delay, injury, difficulty or disadvantage of any kind, including strike, and if it is not possible to avoid such hindrance, risk, delay, injury, difficulty or disadvantage, or to render it in any way useful, impracticable, unlawful, or against the interest of Carrier to complete the performance of the contract, Carrier, whether or not the transport is commenced, may without notice to Merchant elect to: (a) treat the performance of this contract as terminated and place the goods at the merchant's disposal at any place Carrier shall deem safe and convenient, or (b) deliver the goods at the Place of Delivery. In any event, Carrier shall be entitled to, and Merchant shall pay, full freight for any goods received for transportation and additional compensation for extra costs and expenses resulting from the circumstances referred to above.

5.3 If, after storage, discharge, or any actions according to sub-part 5.2 above Carrier makes arrangements to store and/or forward the goods, it is agreed that he shall do so only as agent for and at the sole risk and expense of Merchant without any liability whatsoever in respect of such agency.

5.4 Carrier, in addition to all other liabilities provided for in this Article, shall have the liability, with orders, directions, regulations or suggestions as to navigation or the Carriage or handling of the goods or the ship whatsoever given, by any actual or purported government or public authority, or by any committee or person having, under the terms of any insurance on the Ship, the right to give such order, direction, regulation, or suggestion. If by reason of any such order, direction, regulation, or suggestion, anything is done or is not done that should be deemed to be included within the contract of Carriage and shall not be a deviation.

(6) **BASIC LIABILITY:** 6.1 Carrier shall be liable for loss of or damage to the goods occurring between the time when it takes goods into its custody and the time of delivery but shall not be liable for any consequential or special damages arising from such loss or damage. In no event shall Carrier be responsible for loss or damage to the Goods occurring before Carrier's receipt of goods or after the time of delivery to Merchant or its consignee.

6.2 It is established that the liability of loss of or damage to the goods occurred during sea Carriage or during Carriage by land in the United States, liability shall be governed by the legal rules applicable as provided in Section 1 of this Bill of Lading.

6.3 Notwithstanding Section 1 of this Bill of Lading, if the loss or damage occurred outside of the United States not during sea Carriage and it can be proved where the loss or damage occurred, the liability of Carrier in respect of such loss or damage shall be determined by the provisions contained in any international convention or national law, which provisions: cannot be departed from by private contract to the detriment of Merchant, and would have applied if Merchant had made a separate and direct contract with Carrier in respect of the particular stage of transport where the loss or damage occurred and received as evidence thereof any particular document which must be issued in order to make such international convention or national law applicable.

6.4 If it cannot be determined when the loss of or damage to the goods occurred, liability shall be deemed as provided in

Section 6.2 above. 6.5 Carrier does not undertake that the goods shall be delivered at any particular time or for any particular market and shall not be liable for any direct or indirect losses caused by any delay. Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising from:

(a) an act of omission of Merchant or person other than Carrier acting on behalf of Merchant from whom Carrier took the goods in charge, (b) compliance with the instructions of any person authorized to give them, (c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by or on behalf of Merchant, (d) inherent vice of the goods or concealed damage to or shortage of goods packed by Merchant, (e) lack of insufficiency of or defective condition of packing in the case of goods, which by their nature are liable to wastage or damage when not packed or when not properly packed, (f) insufficiency or inadequacy of marks or numbers on the goods, coverings or unit loads, (g) fire, unless caused by actual fault or

6.6 Merchant shall be liable for loss or damage to the goods occurring between the time when it takes goods into its custody and the time of delivery but shall not be liable for any consequential or special damages arising from such loss or damage. In no event shall Carrier be responsible for loss or damage to the Goods occurring before Carrier's receipt of goods or after the time of delivery to Merchant or its consignee.

6.7 When Carrier pays claims to Merchant, Carrier shall automatically be subrogated to all rights of Merchant against all others, including but not limited to Carriers, on account of the losses or damages for which such claims are paid.

6.8 The defenses and limits of liability provided for in this Bill of Lading shall apply in any action or claim against Carrier relating to the goods, or the receipt, transportation, storage or delivery thereof, whether the action be founded in contract, tort or otherwise.

6.9 Nothing in this Bill of Lading shall operate to limit or deprive the Carrier of any statutory protection or exemption or limitation of liability authorized by any applicable laws, statutes or regulations of any country.

6.10 Merchant has duty to defend and indemnify Carrier against any and all claims by a third party or assignee of Merchant which imposes or attempts to impose upon Carrier any liability in connection with the Goods other than or in excess from that as provided herein, whether or not arising from negligence of Carrier, its Subcontractors, servants or agents.

(7) **COMPENSATION FOR LOSS AND DAMAGE:** 7.1 Unless Merchant declares a higher value as provided at Clause 7.6, Carrier's liability is limited as follows: (a) for loss or damage occurring during any portion of the Carriage governed by COGSA by force of law, Carrier's liability is limited to a maximum of \$500 per package of the contents of Goods adversely affected; (b) for loss or damage occurring during any portion where COGSA is otherwise inoperative herein but is not applicable by force of law, to include periods of domestic water carriage and inland (surface) transportation, Carrier's liability is limited to a maximum of the lesser of \$500 per Package or the portion of the portion of Goods adversely affected; (c) for error or omissions arising from non-carrier service ancillary to the Carriage, Carrier's liability is limited to its independent negligence and to \$50 per shipment; (d) in the event of loss or damage subject to mandatory applicable law which invalidates Carrier's otherwise applicable maximum container liability hereunder, Carrier's liability is limited to the lowest amount permissible by and in accordance with such applicable law. However, Carrier shall not, in any case, be liable for an amount greater than the actual loss to the person entitled to make the claim. Carrier shall have the option of replacing lost goods or repairing damaged goods.

7.2 In any case where the Carrier's liability for compensation may exceed the amounts set forth in Section 7.1 above, compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of the goods, according to their current market price, at the time and place they are delivered, or should have been delivered, in accordance with this contract.

7.3 If the value of the goods is less than US \$500 per package or per customary freight unit, the value for compensation purposes shall be deemed to be the invoice value, plus freight and insurance, if paid.

7.4 Carrier shall not be liable to any extent for any loss of or damage to or in connection with precious metals, stones, or chemicals, jewelry, currency, negotiable instruments, securities, writings, documents, works of art, curios, heirlooms, or other goods of unusual value or value having particular value only for Merchant, unless the true nature and value of the goods have been declared in writing by Merchant before receipt of the goods by the Carrier or Inland Carrier, the same is inserted on the face of this Bill of Lading and additional freight has been paid as required.

7.5 Carrier shall not be liable for loss of or damage to the goods except upon express instructions from the Consignor and then only at Consignor's expense and presentation of a declaration of value for insurance purposes prior to shipment.

7.6 Merchant may avoid the liability limitations hereunder, or any other liability limitation imposed by applicable law, by unequivocally declaring the value of the Goods for liability purposes to Carrier in writing prior to Carriage and paying Carrier an ad valorem freight rate. Such Declared Value will only be binding upon Carrier if agreed to in writing by an authorized representative of Carrier and upon payment of the ad valorem freight rate. Carrier's obligation to insure the Goods is limited to Merchant's declarations of the value of the Goods to Carrier in regular course or for any other purpose, such as for Customs purposes, does not constitute a Declared Value of the Goods to Carrier for liability purposes.

(8) **DESCRIPTION OF GOODS AND INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMS:** 8.1 Carrier is responsible for transmitting information to U.S. Customs and Border Protection prior to lading of the Goods including, without limitation, precise commodity descriptions, numbers and quantities/weight the lowest external packaging unit, the shipper's complete name and address, the consignee's or the owner's or owner's representative's complete name and address, hazardous materials codes, and other information required by Merchant's declarations of the value of the Goods to Carrier in regular course or for any other purpose, such as for Customs purposes, does not constitute a Declared Value of the Goods to Carrier for liability purposes.

8.2 Merchant has the exclusive obligation to ensure, and hereby warrants, that the Goods and the Merchants, as defined above, are compliant with all relevant law and authorities, and are legally eligible for Carriage in all respects under all relevant governing laws and regulations. Merchant must further inform Carrier of any applicable licensing, reporting, or other regulatory requirement under all relevant laws and regulations prior to Carriage of the Goods.

(9) **CARRIER'S CONTAINERS:** If goods are not received by Carrier already in containers, Carrier may pack them in any type container. Merchant shall be liable to Carrier for damage to Carrier's containers or equipment if such damage occurs while such containers are in control of Merchant or his agents. Merchant indemnifies Carrier for any damage or injury to persons or property caused by Carrier's containers or equipment during handling by or when in possession or control of Merchant.

(10) **CONTAINER PACKED BY MERCHANT:** If Carrier receives the goods already packed into containers: This Bill of Lading is prima facie evidence of the weight of the particular number of containers set forth, and that number only. Carrier accepts no responsibility with respect to the order and condition of the contents of the containers;

10.1 Merchant warrants that the stowage and seals of the containers are safe and proper and suitable for handling and Carriage and indemnifies Carrier for any injury, loss or damage caused by breach of this warranty;

10.2 Delivery shall be deemed as full and complete performance when the containers are delivered by Carrier with the seals intact;

10.3 Carrier has the right but not the obligation to open and inspect the containers at any time without notice to Merchant, and expenses resulting from such inspections shall be borne by Merchant; and

10.4 Carrier shall inspect containers before stuffing them and the use of the containers shall be prima facie evidence of their being sound and suitable for use;

(11) **DANGEROUS GOODS:** 11.1 Merchant may not tender goods of a dangerous nature without written application to Carrier and Carrier's acceptance of the same. In the application, Merchant must identify the nature of the goods with reasonable specificity as well as the names and addresses of the shippers and consignees.

11.2 Merchant shall distinctly and permanently mark the nature of the goods on the outside of the package and container in a form and manner as required by law and shall submit to Carrier or to the appropriate authorities all necessary documents required by law or by Carrier for the transportation of such goods.

11.3 In the judgment of the goods subsequently, Carrier may dispose of the goods without compensation to Merchant and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier for any loss or expenses arising from such action.

(12) **DECK CARGO:** Carrier has the right to carry the goods in any container under deck or on deck. Carrier is not required to note "on deck stowage" on the face of this Bill of Lading and goods so carried shall constitute under deck stowage for all purposes including General Average. Except as otherwise provided by any law applicable to this contract, if this Bill of Lading states that the cargo is stowed on deck, then Carrier shall be liable for any non-delivery, misdelivery, delay or loss to goods carried on deck, whether or not caused by Carrier's negligence or the ship's unseaworthiness.

(13) **SOLAS WEIGHT CERTIFICATION:** Merchant acknowledges that it is required to provide verified weights obtained by calibrated, certified equipment of all cargo that is to be tendered to steamship lines. Shipper agrees that Carrier is entitled to rely on the accuracy of such weights and to counter-sign or endorse it as Carrier's own certified weight to the steamship line carrying the cargo. The Merchant agrees that it shall indemnify and hold the Carrier harmless from any and all claims, losses, penalties, or damages resulting from its non-compliance with the questionable verification of the weight provided by Merchant or its agent or contractor on which the Carrier relies.

(14) **HEAVY LIFT:** 14.1 Single packages with a weight exceeding 2,240 pounds not presented to Carrier in enclosed containers must be declared as heavy lift by Merchant on the back of the Bill of Lading. The weight of such packages must be clearly and durably marked on the outside of the package in letters and figures not less than two inches high.

14.2 Merchant shall be liable for any loss of or damage to the goods, or the receipt, transportation, storage or delivery thereof, whether the action be founded in contract, tort or otherwise.

14.3 Merchant agrees to comply with all laws or regulations concerning overweight containers and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against any loss or liability suffered or incurred by Carrier as a result of Merchant's failure to comply with such laws or regulations.

(15) **DELIVERY:** Carrier shall have the right to deliver the goods at any time at any place provided by Carrier and Merchant. Merchant shall be liable for any loss of or damage to the goods occurring or presumed to have occurred within the custody of Carrier must be given to Carrier at the Port of Discharge before or at the time of removal of the goods by one entitled to delivery. If such notice is not provided, removal shall be prima facie evidence of delivery to Carrier. If such notice is not apparent, Carrier must be notified in writing within 3 days of the delivery.

(16) **NOTICE OF CLAIM:** Written notice of claims for loss of or damage to goods occurring or presumed to have occurred within the custody of Carrier must be given to Carrier at the Port of Discharge before or at the time of removal of the goods by one entitled to delivery. If such notice is not provided, removal shall be prima facie evidence of delivery to Carrier. If such notice is not apparent, Carrier must be notified in writing within 3 days of the delivery.

(17) **FREIGHT AND CHARGES:** 17.1 Freight may be calculated on the basis of the particulars of the goods furnished by Merchant, who shall be deemed to have guaranteed to Carrier the accuracy of the contents, weight, measure, or value as furnished by Merchant, or another currency carrier, unless stated to the contrary. Carrier, but not the Carrier for the purpose of ascertaining the actual particulars may at any time and at the risk and expense of Merchant open the container package and examine contents, weight, measure, and value of the goods. In case of incorrect declaration of the contents, weight, measure and or value of the goods, expenses or advances incurred by Carrier in connection with the balance of freight between the freight charged and that which would have been due had the correct details been given, plus (b) expenses incurred in determining the correct details, plus (c) as liquidated and ascertained damages, an additional sum equal to the correct freight. Quotations as to fees, rates, routing, freight charges, insurance, and other charges, including those given by Carrier to Merchant are for informational purposes only and are subject to change without notice and shall not under any circumstances be binding upon Carrier unless Carrier in writing specifically undertakes the handling of transportation of the shipment at a specific rate and that rate is filed in Carrier's tariff.

17.2 Freight shall be deemed earned on receipt of goods by Carrier, the goods lost or not lost, whether the freight is intended to be prepaid or collected at destination. Payment shall be in full and in cash without any offset, counterclaim, or deduction, in the currency named in this contract, or another currency carrier, unless stated to the contrary. Payment shall run from the date when freight charges are due. Payment of freight charges to a freight forwarder, broker or anyone other than directly to Carrier shall not be deemed payment to the Carrier. Merchant shall remain liable for all charges hereunder notwithstanding any extension of credit to the freight forwarder or broker by Carrier. Full freight shall be paid on damaged or unsound goods.

17.3 Merchant shall be liable for all dues, fees, duties, fines, taxes and charges, including consular fees, levied on the goods. Merchant shall be liable for return freight and charges on the goods if they are refused export or import by any government. Merchant shall be liable for all demurrage, detention, and overcharges imposed on the goods or their containers by third parties.

17.4 The Shipper, consignee, holder thereof, and owner of the goods, and their principals, shall be jointly and severally liable to Carrier for the payment of all freight and charges, including advances and expenses, expenses or advances incurred by Carrier in connection with this shipment, or any previous shipment, of Merchant, or both, which lien shall survive delivery, and if such claim remains unsatisfied for 30 days after demand for its payment is made, Carrier may sell at public auction or private sale, upon 10 days written notice via registered mail to Merchant, the goods, wares and merchandise as much as may be necessary to satisfy such lien and the costs of recovery, and apply the net proceeds of such sale to the payment of the amount due Carrier. Any surplus from such sale shall be transmitted to Merchant, and Merchant shall be liable for any deficiency in the sale. For the avoidance of doubt, the lien on the Goods survives delivery of the Goods.

(18) **TIME BAR:** Carrier shall be discharged from all liability for loss of or damage to goods unless suit is brought within one (1) year after delivery of the goods or the date when the goods should have been delivered. Suit shall not be deemed brought against Carrier until jurisdiction should have been obtained over Carrier by service of summons. The time bar for overcharge claims shall be 36 months.

(19) **JURISDICTION:** The courts of United States shall have exclusive jurisdiction over

any dispute arising from the Carriage evidenced by this Bill of Lading. Merchant and Carrier each hereby agree to the personal jurisdiction of the forum having jurisdiction over their disputes under this clause. Except as otherwise provided in this Bill of Lading, the laws of the State of New York shall apply.

(21) **GENERAL AVERAGE:** 21.1 General Average shall be adjusted at New York, or any other port at Carrier's option, according to the York-Antwerp Rules of 1994. The General Average statement shall be prepared by adjusters appointed by Carrier.

21.2 In the event of accident, damage, danger or disaster after commencement of the voyage resulting from any cause whatsoever, whether due to negligence or not, for the consequence of which Carrier and its Sub-Contractors, servants and agents are not responsible by statute, contract or otherwise, Merchant shall contribute in General Average to the payment of any sacrifice, loss or expense of a General Average nature that may be made or incurred, and shall pay salvage or special charges incurred in respect of the goods. If a salving vessel is owned or operated by Carrier, salvage shall be paid for as fully as if the salving vessel or vessels belonged to strangers.

21.3 Merchant has a duty to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Carrier, its Sub-Contractors, servants or agents in respect of any claim (and any expense arising therefrom) of a General Average which may be made against Carrier and/or any of its Sub-Contractors, servants or agents. Merchant agrees to pay any and all sums or securities assessed by the General Average adjuster for payments on account.

21.4 Neither Carrier nor its Sub-Contractors, servants or agents are under any obligations to take any steps whatsoever to post security for General Average or to collect security for General Average contributions due from the Merchant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Carrier is authorized to sue for and collect from the Goods any salvage proceeding at the sole expense of Merchant, unless Merchant arranges for separate representation.

(22) **BOTH-TO-BLAME COLLISION LAUSE:** If the ship comes into collision with another vessel as a result of negligence of the other vessel and any negligence or fault on the part of Carrier or its servants or Subcontractors, Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against all loss or liability to the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners, insofar as such loss or liability represents loss of, or damage to, or any claim whatsoever of Merchant paid or payable by the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners to Merchant and self-off, recovered or recovered by the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners, in whole or in part of their claim against the ship or her owner. This provision shall apply as well where the owners, operators or those in charge of any ship or ships or objects other than, or in addition to, the colliding ships or objects are at fault with respect to a collision or contact.

(23) **FORCE MAJEURE:** Carrier shall not be liable for losses, damages, delays, wrongful or missed deliveries or nonperformance, in whole or in part, of its responsibilities under the Bill of Lading, resulting from circumstances beyond the control of either Carrier or its sub-contractors, servants or agents, including but not limited to: (i) acts of God, including flood, earthquake, tornado, storm, hurricane, power failure, epidemic or other severe health crisis, or other natural disaster; (ii) war, hijacking, robbery, theft or terrorist activities; (iii) incidents or deteriorations to means of transportation; (iv) embargoes; (v) civil commotions or riots; (vi) defects, nature or inherent vice of the goods; (vii) acts, breaches of contract or omissions by Shipper, Consignee or anyone else who may have an interest in the shipment; (viii) acts by any government or any agency or subdivision thereof, including denial or cancellation of any import/export or other necessary license; or (ix) strikes, lockouts or other labor conflicts.

(24) **CARRIERS' TARIFFS:** The goods carried under this Bill of Lading are also subject to all the terms and conditions of tariff(s) published pursuant to the regulations of the United States Federal Maritime Commission ("FMC") or any other regulatory agency which governs a particular portion of the Carriage and the terms are incorporated herein as part of the terms and conditions of this Bill of Lading. Copies of Carrier's tariffs may be obtained from Carrier or its agents or from Carrier's website, the address of which is set forth on the FMC's website at www.fmc.gov. In the case of inconsistency between this Bill of Lading and any applicable tariff, this Bill of Lading shall prevail. Carrier may enter into Negotiated Rate Arrangements with Merchant in lieu of publishing the applicable rates and charges for services provided in its tariff.

PERISHABLE CARGO: 25.1 Goods of a perishable nature shall be carried in ordinary containers without special protection, services or other measures unless otherwise is noted on the reverse side of this Bill of Lading that the goods will be carried in a refrigerated, heated, electrically ventilated or otherwise specially equipped container or to receive special attention in any way. Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to goods in a special hold or container arising from latent defects, breakdown, or stoppage of the refrigeration, ventilation or heating machinery, insulation, ship's plant, or other such apparatus of the vessel or container that Carrier shall before or at the beginning of the transport exercise due diligence to maintain the special hold or container in an efficient state.

25.2 Merchant undertakes not to tender for transportation any goods that require refrigeration throughout written notice of the nature and the required temperature settings of the thermostatic controls before receipt of the goods by Carrier. In case of refrigerated containers packed by or on behalf of Merchant, Merchant warrants that the goods have been properly stored in the container and that the thermostatic controls have been adequately set before receipt of the goods by Carrier.

25.3 Merchant's attention is drawn to the fact that refrigerated containers are not designed to freeze down cargo which has not been presented for stuffing at or below its designated carrying temperature. Carrier shall not be responsible for the consequences of cargo tendered at a higher temperature than that required for the transportation.

25.4 If the above requirements are not complied with, Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the goods whatsoever. **SEVERABILITY:** The terms of this Bill of Lading shall be severable, and, if any part or term hereof shall be held invalid, such holding shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other part or term hereof.

VARIATION OF THE CONTRACT: This contract supersedes all prior agreement between the parties with respect to its subject matter. No servant or agent of Carrier shall have power to vary or vary any of the terms hereof unless such variation is in writing and is specifically authorized or ratified in writing by Carrier.

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